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Strands EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
communication and language, physical development and personal, social and emotional development lay the foundations for children's success in all other areas of learning. They therefore run through everything in EYFS. The ELGs below link with the 5 strands we follow in history.	What is chronology? Changes within living memory. Change over time - 1970s/80s. Similarities and differences in childhood - toys. Local significant people and places. Why we remember some significant people - Kitty Wilkinson.	-National events and people beyond living memory. Cause and effect— The Great fire of London -Changes beyond living memory— What was it like for a child working at Quarry Bank Mill? -Local and national events beyond living memory— New Brighton. Victorian seaside.	The achievements of the earliest civilizations - an overview of where and when the first civilizations appeared and a depth study of Ancient Egypt. -Changes in Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Age. Local study-Liverpool waterfront and docks The Albert Dock	-The Roman Empire and its impact on BritainThe influence of the Tudors- The influence of the Tudors-Speke Hall -Local study- inventions that changed the world. Industrial revolution - canals.	-Viking and Anglo-Saxon struggle for England. The impact of the Anglo-SaxonsEarly civilisations and depth study of the Greeks. What did the Greeks do for us? -Local study-inventions that changed the world-Flight.	-Theme beyond 1066. Events that shaped the world. WWII and its impact on Britain and Liverpool. -A non-European society that provides contrasts with British history - Maya civilization c. AD 900. -Local study beyond 1066 - Liverpool and the impact of the slave trade.
understanding of events, people, and changes in the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling (UTW-P&P)	-Can I show an awareness of the past and know that some things happened in the past? -Can I explain how I have changed since I was born? -Can I use maths equipment (diennes) to make a simple timeline showing the order in which 2 people of different ages were born -Can I sequence 2 events or objects - Drawing pictures and using language -Can I talk about how toys are different today? -Can I discuss how children's toys have changed over time? -Can I explain who Kitty Wilkinson was? -Can I talk about why we remember Kitty Wilkinson? -Can I explain what impact Kitty Wilkinson had on the way things are today? -Can I explain what it was like before and after public washhouses were introduced?	-Can I explain what happened during the Great Fire of London and how we know it happened? -Can I discuss what caused the Great Fire of London? -Can I discuss how London changed as a result of the fire and how it has had an impact on us today? -Can I explain what Quarry Bank Mill was and why children were sent there? -Can I talk about what happened on a typical day for a child at Quarry Bank Mill? -Can I talk about the dangers that children came across while working at the mill? -Can I find out and talk about what seaside holidays were like in the past? -Can I talk about what New Brighton was like in the 1800s and 1900s? -Can I discuss how and why New Brighton changed over time?	-Can I explain about some of the things that the Egyptians gave the world? -Can I explain why this period of history is still being talked about today? -Can I recall interesting facts about the Ancient Egyptians-the Nile, mummies, pyramids and sacred animals? -Do I understand some of the differences between the Stone, Bronze and Iron ages? -Can I explain what we learnt from Stone Age cave art? -Can I describe what a typical day would have been like for a Stone Age man, woman or child? -Can I explain how Stone Age people hunted for their food and what they ate? -Can I explain why Liverpool has docks? -Can I explain why the Liverpool docks were important for global trade? -Can I talk about what life was like for dockers and their families?	-Can I can talk about at least three things that the Romans did for our country? -Can I explain why the Romans needed to build forts in this country? -Do I understand that Rome was a very important place and many decisions were made there? Do I know about the lives of at least two famous Romans? Can I discuss who the Tudors were? -Do I know who was king during the Tudor period and what impact they had on England? -Can I talk about what it was like to have wealth or be poor during Tudor timesCan I talk about how Tudor houses differed depending on your wealth?-Am I able to explain how our locality has changed over time?-Can understand why and how canals were built during the Industrial Revolution?-Can I recognise that people's way of life in the past was dictated by the work they did?	-Can I explain where the Anglo-Saxons came from? -Can I use a time-line to show when the Anglo-Saxons were in England? -Can I discuss the fact that the Anglo-Saxons and Vikings were often in conflict? -Can I place on a timeline when the Vikings raids started? -Can I explain why the Vikings often overpowered the Anglo-Saxons? -Can I show on a map where the Vikings came from and where they invaded our country? -Can I talk about the struggle between the Athenians and Spartans? -Can I explain about some of the things the Greeks gave the world? -Do I know that the Greeks were responsible for the birth of the Olympics? -Do I know that the Greek Gods were an important part of Greek culture? -Can I give reasons for why airports were opened across Britain, backed up by evidence?-Can I describe how the introduction of flights throughout Britain influence our lives today? -Can I talk	- Can I talk about what World War 2 was and where and when it took place? - Can I explain what the Blitz was and which areas were most likely to be affected? - Do I have an understanding of the effects of air raids, the causes of evacuation and how an evacuee may have felt?- Can I explain what rationing was, why it was necessary and how it impacted on people's lives? - Can I explain why the Jews were persecuted during this time?- Can I consider how the war had an impact on Britain and Liverpool? - Can I explain where and when the remains of the Maya ruins were discovered? - Can I discuss how the Maya civilisation developed over time? - Can I talk about the city states of the Maya and how society was organised? - Can I find out about Maya religion and beliefs? - Can I explore what everyday life for the Maya people was like? - Can I explore Maya writing and calendars? - Can I find out about the

Historical enquiry	-Explore the world around them, making observations (UTW-TNW) -Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactionsMake comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding (C&L-U) Nursery-Use words such as: how, why, because? Reception-Use words such as: how, why, because, find out, I wonder what/if/when/why?	-Identify one way we can find out about history, e.g. interviews, pictures, objects or museumsStart to ask own questions to find out about the past, e.g. ask parents/ grandparents what life was like when they were 5 years oldCan interview people they know, asking perceptive questions about famous people, events and places in the areaExplore events, look at pictures and ask and answer questions such as 'Which things are old and which are new? What are people doing?' -Look at objects and photographs from the past and ask and answer questions 'what is it? Who	-Know the story of events can be explored through pictures, maps, museum visits, artefacts and first-hand accounts (diaries)Is able to research about a famous event that happened in BritainAsk and answer questions about the past such as "What do you think it was like for in the past?" "What happened in the past?" "How long ago did happen?" -Use a wide range of information to answer questions.	-Are beginning to recognise the part that archaeologists have had in helping us understand more about what happened in the past? -Make careful observations of artefacts (or photographs) to find out about the periodAsk and answer questions about the past such as: 'How did people.? What did people do for.?' -Suggest sources of evidence to use to help answer questionsMake careful observations of artefacts or photographs and discuss what they tell us about the pastExplore things which early civilisations had in common, e.g. river location,	-Ask questions and find answers about the past such as 'What was it like for a during?' -Start a list of questions for what they want to find outUnderstand how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of sources and know where to seek out information about aspects of the pastUnderstand the difference between primary and secondary sourcesHandle and use artefacts as a source of evidence and explain how useful they are for informationCan use more than one source of evidence for historical enquiry in order to gain a more accurate understanding of historyThrough research, can compare and contrast	-Investigate own lines of enquiry by posing questions to answer. -Choose reliable sources of evidence to answer questions, realising that there is often not a single answer to historical questions. -Can appreciate how historical artefacts have helped us understand more about British lives in the present and past. -Demonstrate the methods of historical enquiry more independently, e.g. ask perceptive questions, think critically and weigh evidence. -Use available evidence selectively to answer own raised questions about a distant past society. -Begin to identify primary and secondary sources. -Continue to use documents, printed sources (archive	civilisation? -Can I use historical sources to define what a slave is?-Can I explain the triangular Atlantic slave trade?-Can I discuss the experiences of slaves during the Atlantic slave trade from historical sources?-Can I explain the abolition of the slave trade and slavery in Britain? -Use documents, printed sources (e.g. archive materials) the Internet, databases, pictures, photographs, music, artefacts, historic buildings visits to museums and galleries and visits to sites to collect evidence about the past. -Recognise primary and secondary sourcesEvaluate the usefulness and accurateness of different sources of evidenceSelects the most appropriate source of evidence for particular tasksForms own opinions about historical events from a range of sources.
	because, find out, I	and ask and answer		early civilisations had in common, e.g. river location, development of writing and number systems. -Use research skills in finding out facts about the time period being studied. -Are able to research what it was like for specific people.	understanding of history.	-Continue to use documents,	
	-Begin to describe a	-Can use words and phrases such as: now,	-Understand and use the phrases such as: recently,	-Beginning to compare and contrast different forms of evidence. -Can understand that the past is divided into	-Record increasing knowledge about the effect	Use words and phrases: century, decade, BC, AD,	-Place the start and end of the period on a timeline,
understanding	or fictional (M-NP) -Understand changes in	yesterday, last week, when I was younger, a long time	before, after, now, later when telling others about	different named periods of time, using appropriate	of this group on Europe, Britain and the local area,	after, before, during, dates, time period, era.	along with the periods studied in Y5.

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	the natural world around them (UTW-TNW) Nursery-Use words such as: yesterday, last week, this morning, last night. Reception-Use words such as: yesterday, last week, at the weekend, this morning, last night.	ago, a very long time ago, before I was born, when my parents/grandparents were young. -Can put a few significant local historical events, people and places in order on a timeline.	an event. -Puts 3 or more people, events or objects in order using a given scale. -Can put several objects/ events from over 100 years ago in order on a simple timeline and give reasons for their order. -Use information gained from information sources (stories, maps, films, pictures/ photographs, personal accounts, etc.) to annotate and illustrate the timeline. -Know where the people/events fit within a chronological frameworkRecount changes in my own life over time and compare that to relatives from different eras. -Can use the words 'past' and 'present' accurately.	dates/chronological conventions, e.g. BC & AD. -Complete an ongoing timeline to place historical events in chronological order (intervals of 10/100). -Can place events on a timeline using dates. -Are beginning to understand the concept of change over time, representing this, along with evidence, on a timeline - Describe dates of and order significant events from the period studied. -Use words and phrases: century, decade, ancient.	building on existing developmentsUnderstand that empires grow over timeCan build up a picture of what main events happened in Britain over timePlace the start and end of the period on a timeline, along with the periods studied in Y3Continue to annotate timeline throughout the study as they discover more about the time, noting connections -Uses timelines with intervals of 10/100/1000 yearsUse words and phrases: century, decade, BC, AD, after, before, during.	-Can use dates and historical terms more accurately when describing eventsDemonstrate a chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of British, local and world history, establishing clear narratives within and across the periods they have studiedIs beginning to construct and add to an ongoing timeline to make comparisons between 2 societies at the same timeCreate timelines which outline the development of specific features, such as; transport (flights).	-Adds detail to the timeline during the ongoing studies to show how people's lives changed in the aspect studiedCan note connections, contrasts and trends over timeDemonstrate coherent, chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of British history, establishing clear narratives within and across the periods they studied in K52Can draw a timeline to scale independently, to show where the study over a wide arc of time fits into the wider story of British History; can record events, changes, causes and consequences on the timeline independentlyDescribes main changes in a period in history using words such as: social, religious, political, technological and cultural.
Historical interpretation	-Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class (UTW-P&P) -Explain similarities and differences drawing on knowledge from stories and non-fiction texts (UTW-PC&C) -Offer explanations for why things might happen (C&L-S)	-Look at books, videos, photographs, pictures and artefacts to find out about the pastCan identify objects from the pastCan begin to identify the differences between old and new objectsConsider the opinions of othersIdentify "old" places and buildings around them on a local walk.	-Look at and use books and pictures, stories, eye witness accounts, photographs, artefacts, historic buildings, museums, galleries, historical sites and the internet to find out about the past. -Give more than one cause of an event and reasons why people acted as they did. -Can explain and give examples of things that are different elsewhere and in their local area from that of a long time ago in a specific period of history such as Victorian	-Understand how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of sourcesExplore the idea that there are different accounts of historyExplain how discoveries were made about the civilisations, which help us to learn more about themOrally justify which is the most important achievement and invention of each civilisationAre beginning to describe different accounts of history, explaining some of the reasons why the accounts may differ.	-Using a range of sources, explore the significance of the growth of the empire and influence on life todayUnderstand how evidence is used rigorously to make historical claims, and discern how and why contrasting arguments and interpretations of the past have been constructedExplain what life was like for different groups of society, their diversity and relationships between themLook at different versions of the same event in history and identify differencesCan describe different accounts of history, explaining some of the reasons why the accounts may differ.	-Give reasons why there may be different accounts of historyEvaluate evidence to choose the most reliable formsUnderstand how laws and justice systems introduced at the time were designed to exert control over different elements of society and other invadersDraw conclusions on the complexity of life at the time, changes and relationships between groupsUnderstand that some evidence from the past is propaganda. opinion or misinformation, and that this affects interpretations of history.	-Evaluate evidence to choose the most reliable forms. -Use evidence rigorously to make historical claims and discern how and why contrasting arguments and interpretations of the past have been constructed. -Make detailed use of a wide range of historical sources to help reach and support a conclusion as to the differences between Anglo Saxon culture and Maya culture. -Select, interpret and evaluate a source of information about the local area, assessing usefulness and if there is any bias, etc.

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			times.		-Understand how this period		
					built on what had gone		
			-Begin to understand that		before and how it further		
			personal accounts can be		influenced Britain.		
			different and consider the				
			opinions of others.				
Organisation	-Talk about the lives of	-Can describe similarities	-Record the sequence of	-Retrieve and record	-Understand words such as	-Communicate ideas from the	-Devise increasingly
and	the people around them	and differences in life for	events in pictures/words.	information from non-	empires, civilisation,	past using different genres of	historically valid, perceptive
communication	and their roles in society	them/ their parents/older	-Communicate ideas about	fiction to answer own	democracy and use them in	writing, drawing, diagrams,	questions about change,
	(UTW-P&P)	family members - orally, in	people, objects or events	increasingly perceptive	their writing.	data-handling, drama,	cause and significance during
	-Use and understand	drawings, etc.	from the past through	questions.	-Select and justify why a	storytelling and using ICT.	the study.
	recently introduced	-Talk about events from	speaking, writing, drawing,	-Present and communicate	particular achievement from	-Plan and present a self-	-Communicate ideas from the
	vocabulary during	own history using words	role-play, storytelling and	ideas about the past using	the period was the greatest	directed project or research	past using different genres
	discussions about stories,	that show the passing of	ICT, using historical terms	other areas of the	influence on the Western	about the studied period.	of writing, drawing,
	non-fiction and during	time.	and vocabulary.	curriculum such as	world.	-Can independently, or as part	diagrams, data-handling,
	role-play (L-C)	-Sort events or objects	-Describe objects, people	drawing, diagrams, data-	-Present and communicate	of a group, present an aspect	drama, storytelling and using
	-Express their ideas and	into groups (i.e. then and	or events in history.	handling, drama role play,	ideas about the past using	they have researched about a	ICT.
	feelings using full	now.)		storytelling and ICT.	other areas of the	given period of history using	-Plan and present a self-
	sentences, including use	-Use timelines to order			curriculum such as drawing,	multi-media skills.	directed project or research
	of past, present and	events or objects.			diagrams, data-handling,		about the studied period.
	future tenses with	ľ			drama role play, storytelling		-Ask perceptive questions,
	modelling and support	-Tell stories about the			and ICT.		think critically, weigh
	from the teacher	past.			-Is able to talk about and		evidence, sift arguments, and
	(C&L-S)				record how the introduction		develop perspective and
	-Perform stories and	-Talk, write and draw			of canals during the		judgement.
	events with others	about things from the			Industrial Revolution was a		-Thoughtfully select and
	(EA&D-BI&E)	past.			significant turning point in		organise relevant historical
	-Add some marks to their				British history.		information.
	drawings which they give						-Explain their development
	meaning to						as a historian - the tools and
	(L-W)						skills they have developed
							and how they think they will
							use these in the future.